

AI (also) for Humanities Scholars:

The CAS NLP at UniBe



Witch Hunt in Switzerland

- Switzerland in the center of a «witch-hunt-zone»
- Approx. 10'000 witch trials in Switzerland
- 400 witch trial pages available for Bern

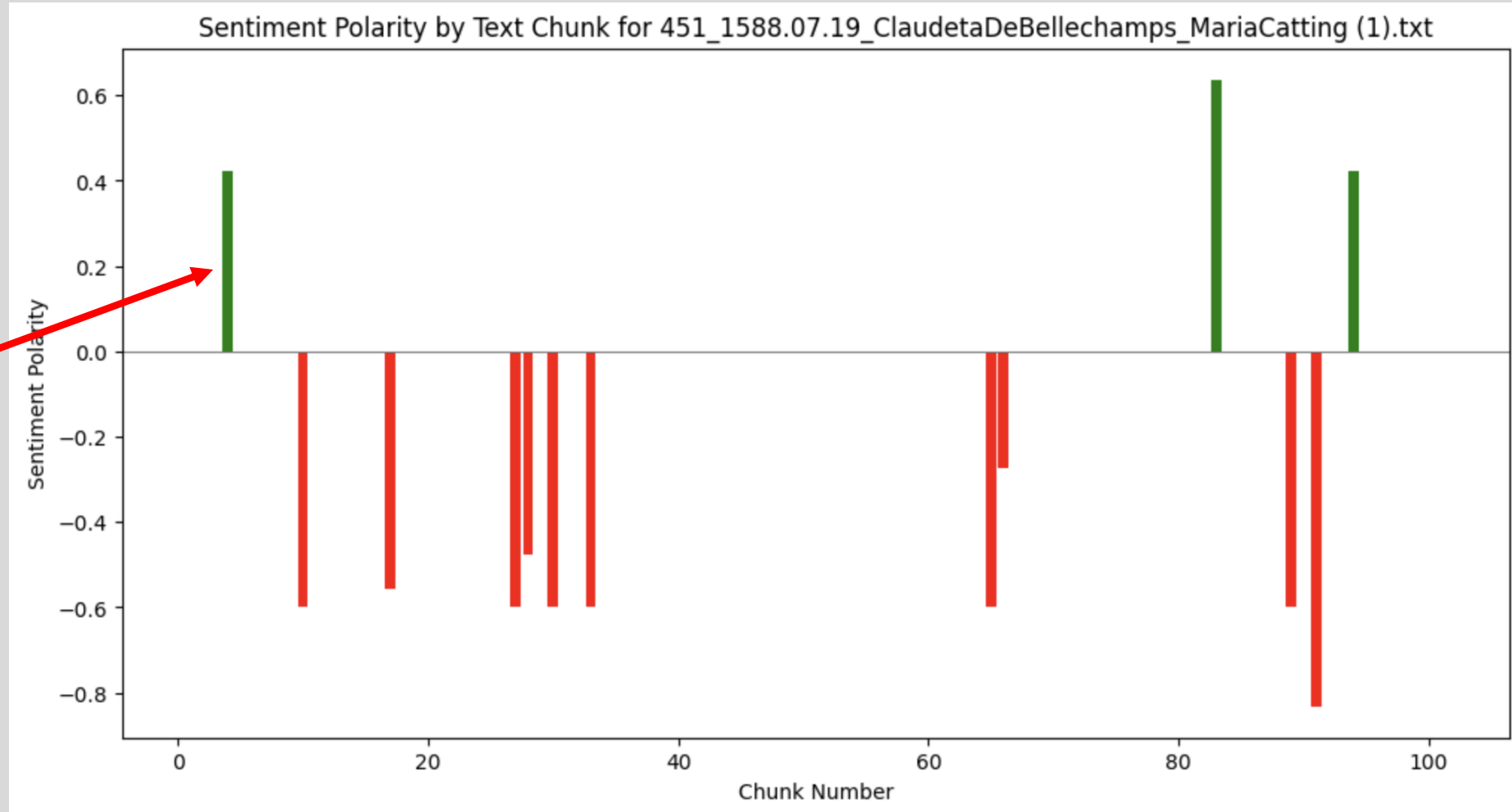


Sentiment Analysis

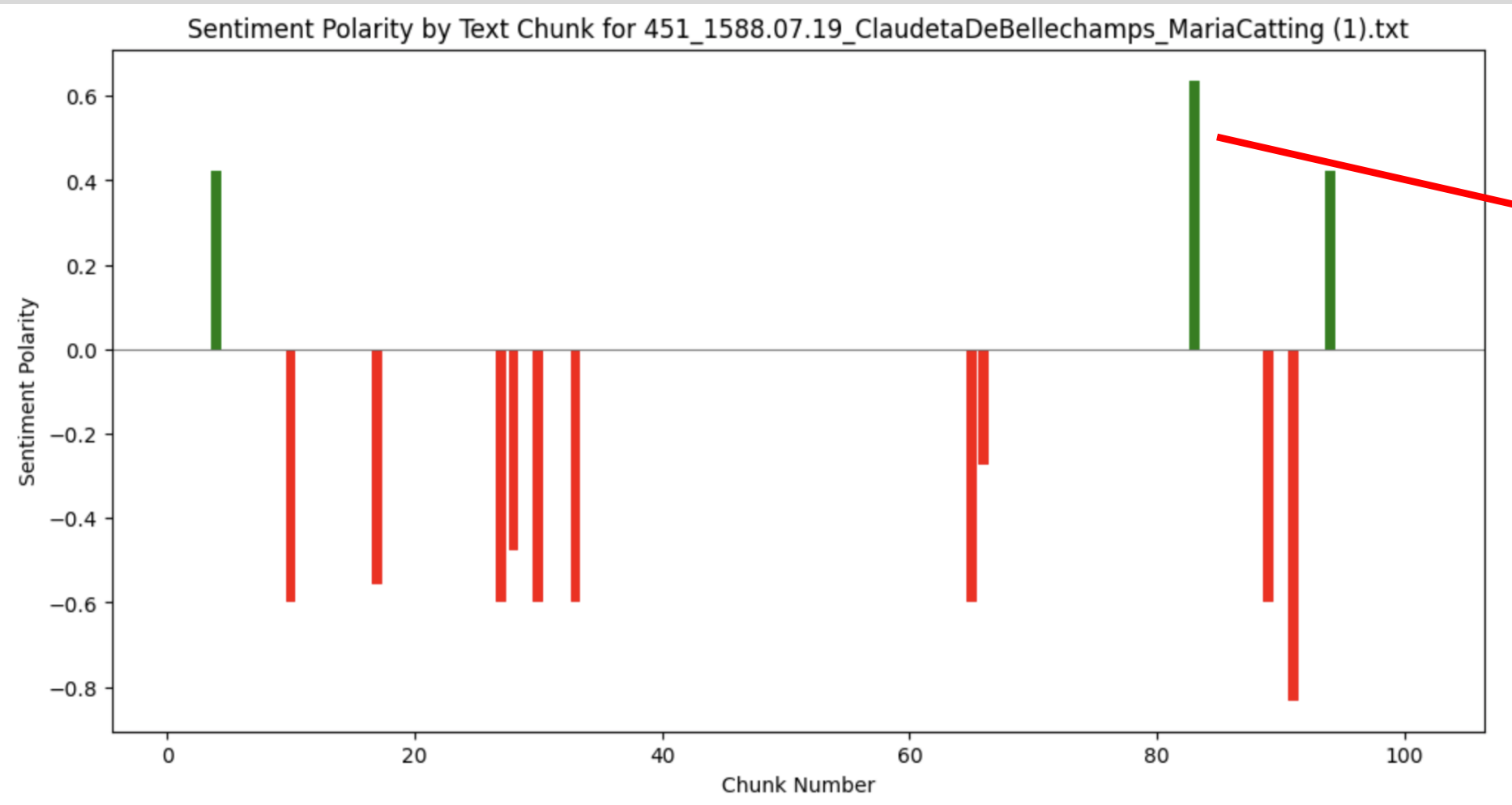


Emotions in Witch Trial Papers

*[...] frommenn, fürnemmen
fürsichtigen Ersamēn, vnn
wysenn Herren, Niclauss
zur Rhindens beid des
Rhats, Bilger Steineggers [...]*

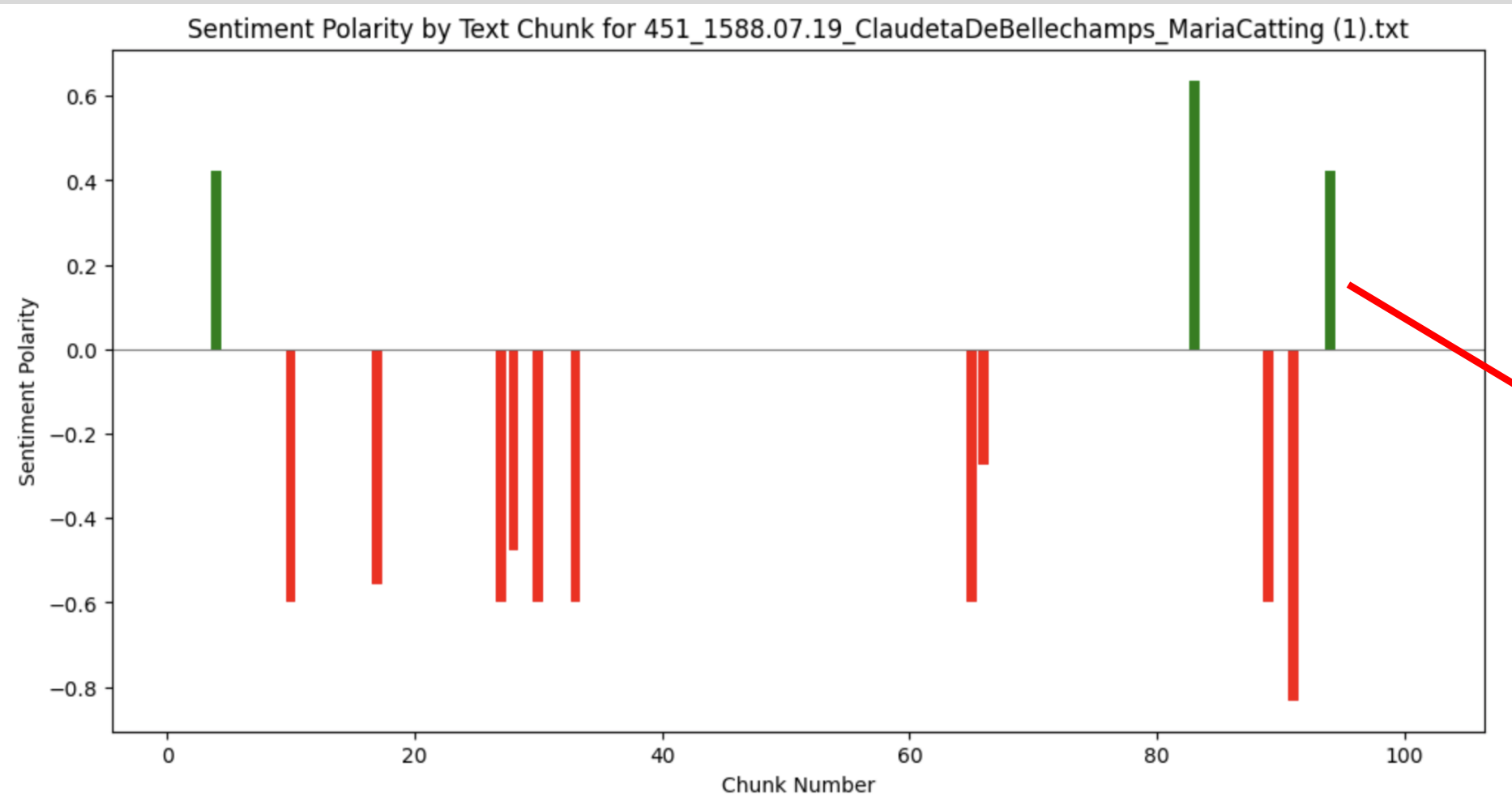


Emotions in Witch Trial Papers



[...] Endtlich hatt sy ouch
bekhendt, vnnnd verjächen
wie das sy vff ein zjtt,
zu der vorgemeltenn
Claudeta de Bellechamps,
gan Serniaulx inn ir Huss
gangenn, vnnnd ira Salb
abgeforderet, (ein armes
kindt oder Meittlin, So sy
vonn Armutt wägen, *zu ira vffgenommen, vnnnd
erzogenn, wölches anfüssen,
vbell erfrorenn gwässen,
vnnnd grossenn Schmertzen*
daran gelittenn) darmit
zesalbenn, vnnnd zebeillenn [...]

Emotions in Witch Trial Papers



*[...] vnnd alls sy söllichs
gesächenn, sye sy vbell
darab erschrockenn,
vnnd hiemit die
vbrige Salb (darmitt
niemandts wjtter
dardurch geschediget
wurde) glich angentz
inn den See geworffen etc.
wöllichs ira aber von
hertzenn, vnnd Rünlich
lejdt sye etc. [...]*

How? Why? What? NLP!

What is it?

Natural Language Processing

Field at the intersection between computer science and linguistics
uses machine learning to process and interpret text and data

What can it do?

Analyse Text at Scale:

Big Data: massive textual datasets (archives, literature, social media etc.)

Uncover Broad Trends: (patterns, shifts, and large-scale phenomena that are difficult manually)

Enhance Qualitative Insights:

Structure & “Objectivity”: Extract key themes, entities, sentiment, and relationships systematically.

Unlock New Research Questions:

Data-Driven Discovery: Generate novel hypotheses and explore previously intractable questions.

NLP: Speaker identification

Challenge: Speaker identification from text transcripts

Humans: context, word choice, stylistic recognition, dialogue flow...
→ intuitive, but subjective and tedious

ML models: statistical patterns: word frequencies, n-grams, text embeddings...
→ fast, consistent, but inscrutable

Case Study: Dimension 20 "Fantasy High" (Fig & Fabian)

Trained on 2 Mio Tokens of podcast transcript

Testing different models:

Model	Accuracy
Logistic Regression	73%
LSTM	74%
DistilBERT (Fine-tuned)	82%



NLP: Fragment reconstruction

Challenge: Ancient Greek inscriptions are often damaged, fragmented, and lack clear dating or origin. Traditional manual methods are slow and subjective.

NLP approach: Ithaca

Trained on the largest dataset of digitized ancient Greek inscriptions.

Restores damaged text fragments with 62% accuracy (improving historian accuracy to **72%** when used collaboratively!).

Attributes inscriptions to their original location (71% accuracy) and dates them within 30 years.

Redates key historical texts, challenging established historical interpretations.



How? Why? What? NLP!

- https://www.unibe.ch/continuing_education_programs/cas_natural_language_processing/index_eng.html



We are looking forward to seeing you there!